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## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Genetic and pathogenic characterization of a Russian

subtype 2 PRRSV-1 isolate

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Highlights

The full genome sequence of the subtype 2 PRRSV-1 WestSib13 strain is

determined

Demonstrated significant difference in pathogenicity between subtype 1

and 2 strains of European PRRSV

Demonstrated the unusual virological and clinical outcome (high level viremia

without fever) of the novel WestSib13 strain

**Abstract** 

Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus (PRRSV) causes reproductive

failure and respiratory problems. Data about the virulence and pathogenicity of

subtype 2 PRRSV-1 strains are limited. The main purposes of this investigation were

to characterize the full genome sequence of the subtype 2 PRRSV-1 WestSib13 strain

and to compare the pathogenicity with that of the subtype 1 PRRSV-1 Lelystad strain.

Comparison of the whole genome sequence of the WestSib13 strain with that of

PRRSV-1 prototype strains revealed a 76.2% (subtype 1 Lelystad virus) and 79.0%

(subtype 3 Lena virus) identity, respectively

The virulence and pathogenicity of the European subtype 2 PRRSV strain WestSib13

and the European subtype 1 PRRSV strain Lelystad were compared in 3-week-old

piglets upon inoculation of 10<sup>5.4</sup> TCID<sub>50</sub> of virus. Non-infected animals (control

group) as well as animals infected with the Lelystad strain were clinically healthy

until 14 days post challenge. In contrast, animals infected with the WestSib13 strain

demonstrated dyspnea starting from the 3 day post-inoculation (dpi). All piglets in this

group died between 5 to 8 dpi. During that period, fever was not observed in

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